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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/707,143	11/24/2003	Damian Arregui	D/A2187	1142
25453 7590 03/17/2009 PATENT DOCUMENTATION CENTER XEROX CORPORATION 100 CLINTON AND COLUMN VEROX COLUMN COL			EXAMINER	
			LIU, LIN	
100 CLINTON AVE., SOUTH, XEROX SQUARE, 20TH FLOOR ROCHESTER, NY 14644		JA SQUARE, 20111 FLOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2445	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/707,143	ARREGUI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	LIN LIU	2445			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01/02</u>	2/2009.				
	action is non-final.				
·					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3 and 5-21</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3 and 5-21</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Oce the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies flot receive	u.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) S) Notice of Informal Patent Application S) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is responsive to communications filed on 01/02/2009 Claims 1, 3 and 5-21 are pending and have been examined.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01/02/2009 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 3, 5, 7-8, 10-17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Serbinis et al. (Patent no.: US 6,584,466 B1) in view of Chow et al. (Patent no.: US 6,029,175) and Carpenter et al. (Patent no.: US 7,099,872 B2).

With respect to **claim 1**, Serbinis teaches a document management system, comprising:

a plurality of document repositories for storing documents (Serbinis: fig. 1A & 1B, col. 5, lines 35-45, noted that multiple stores could be used);

a document notification and delivery service (DNDS) for detecting documents pertaining to subjects of interest that are stored in the document repositories (Serbinis: fig. 1A & 1B, col. 5 line 63 to col. 6 line 18); and

a plurality of workflow modules, that can be added or removed, subscribing to the DNDS to receive documents identified that pertain to one or more subscribed subjects of interest; at least two workflow modules producing one or more documents that are published to one or more of the document repositories (Serbinis: fig. 1A & 1B, col. 8, lines 46-67);

wherein a first workflow module publishes to one of the document repositories a first document which is detected by the DNDS and which pertains to at least one subscribed subject of interest of a second workflow module (Serbinis: fig. 4, col. 8, lines 62-67, and col. 9, lines 50-67);

subsequent to the publication of the first document by the DNDS to the one of the document repositories, the DNDS processes the first document (Serbinis: col. 10 line 65 to col. 11 line 6) and then delivers the first document to the second workflow module that does not require the first workflow module to produce a second document (Serbinis: fig. 4, col. 9, lines 50-67);

the DNDS includes a subject refinement module for monitoring document notifications and delivery requests associated with the document notifications to provide subject refinement data (Serbinis: col. 9, line 50 to col. 10 line 5), and using the subject refinement data to refine subjects in a subject directory for representing subjects of the plurality of documents in the plurality of document repositories (Serbinis: col. 11 lines 1-5, and col. 12, lines 43-59);

one of the at least two workflow modules is associated with a user that performs one or more tasks to produce one or more documents that are managed by a workflow module according to subject matter described in the one or more documents (Serbinis: fig. 1A & 1B, col. 8, lines 62-67, and col. 9, lines 32-67).

However, Serbinis does not explicitly teach a method of automatically producing one or more documents that are published to one or more of the document repositories, and a method of refining subjects in a subject directory for representing subjects of the plurality of documents in the plurality of document repositories based on subject matter of content of the documents.

In the same field of endeavor, Chow teaches a method of automatically producing one or more documents that are published to one or more of the document repositories (Chow: col. 4, lines 31-39, col. 10, lines 24-30).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of automatically producing one or more documents that are published to one or more of the document repositories as taught by Chow in Serbinis' invention in order to automate the procedure of producing

and updating the documents to the document storages. A person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to automate such procedures in order to respond appropriately and automatically to the change in information within a previously viewed document (Chow: col. 4, line 37-39).

In the same field of endeavor, Carpenter teaches a method of refining subjects in a subject directory for representing subjects of the plurality of documents in the plurality of document repositories based on subject matter of content of the documents (Carpenter: fig. 4, col. 2, lines 54-67 and col. 6, lines 33-60, noted that the content database is updated with periodic spidering for latest content).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of refining subjects in a subject directory for representing subjects of the plurality of documents in the plurality of document repositories based on subject matter of content of the documents as taught by Carpenter in the combined method of Serbinis-Chow's invention in order to update the latest content to the database and providing it to the subscribers (Carpenter: col. 6, lines 33-52).

With respect to **claim 3**, Serbinis teaches document management system according to claim 1, wherein one of the plurality of workflow modules is one of a web service and a process associated with a user that performs one or more tasks to produce the one or more documents (Serbinis col. 4, lines 41-60, and col. 12, lines 43-59):

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With respect to **claim 5**, Serbinis teaches the document management system according to claim 1, wherein the DNDS processes the first document by performing one of summarization, enrichment, and translation (Serbinis: col. 9, lines 33-49, and col. 12, lines 43-59).

With respect to **claim 7**, Serbinis teaches the document management system according to claim 1, wherein the DNDS further comprises:

a plurality of document repositories with each being adapted to store a plurality of documents (Serbinis: fig. 1A & 1B, col. 6, lines 19-45 and col. 7, lines 16-27);

a subject directory for representing subjects of the plurality of documents in the plurality of document repositories (Serbinis: fig. 3, col. 7, lines 16-40);

a profile directory for representing a plurality of users accounts, with each user account subscribing to at least one subject of interest (Serbinis: fig. 2, col. 4, lines 19-56);

a subject refinement module for:

monitoring document notifications and delivery requests associated with the document notifications to provide subject refinement data (Serbinis: col. 9, line 50 to col. 10 line 5); and

using the subject refinement data to refine subjects in the subject directory (Serbinis: col. 11 lines 1-5, and col. 12, lines 43-59);

With respect to **claim 8**, Serbinis teaches the document management system according to claim 1, wherein the DNDS further comprises:

a profile directory for representing a plurality of users accounts, with each user account subscribing to at least one subject of interest (Serbinis: fig. 2, col. 4, lines 19-56); and

a profile refinement module refining user preferences for document notification and delivery (Serbinis: fig. 2, col. 6, line 19 to col. 7, line 8).

In regard to **claims 10-17**, the limitations of these claims are substantially the same as those in claims 1-8, but rather in method form. Therefore the same rationale for rejecting claims 1-8 is used to reject claims 10-17. By this rationale **claims 10-17** are rejected.

In regard to **claims 19-20**, the limitations of these claims are substantially the same as those in claims 1-2, but rather in method form. Therefore the same rationale for rejecting claims 1-2 is used to reject claims 19-20. By this rationale **claims 19-20** are rejected.

5. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Serbinis** et al. (Patent no.: US 6,584,466 B1) in view of Chow et al. (Patent no.: US 6,029,175) and Carpenter et al. (Patent no.: US 7,099,872 B2) and further in view of Coutts et al. (PGPUB: US 2003/0069867 A1).

With respect to **claim 6**, Serbinis teaches the document management system according to claim 1, wherein the DNDS further comprises means for:

(a) monitoring events and attributes concerning detected documents for which notification or delivery are performed (Serbinis: col. 11, lines 36-45).

However, the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter does not explicitly teach a method of using the monitored events and attributes to identify ones of the detected documents as highly rated documents for notification to users not originally subscribed to the subject of interest for which the notification or delivery is performed.

In the same field of endeavor, Coutts teaches a method of using the monitored events and attributes to identify ones of the detected documents as highly rated documents for notification to users not originally subscribed to the subject of interest for which the notification or delivery is performed (Coutts: page 8, paragraph 174, noted the importance rating of a document).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of importance rating of a document as taught by Coutts in the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter's invention in order to specify the subject matters that interested by the user the most (Coutts: page 8, paragraph 174).

6. Claims 9 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Serbinis et al. (Patent no.: US 6,584,466 B1) in view of Chow et al. (Patent no.: US 6,029,175) and Carpenter et al. (Patent no.: US 7,099,872 B2) and further in view of Jin et al. (Patent no.: US 6,330,689 B1).

With respect to **claim 9**, Serbinis the document management system according to claim 1, wherein the DNDS further comprises a failure recovery module for:

recording component failure information (Serbinis: col. 6, line 64 to col. 7, line 3). However, the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter does not explicitly teach a method of assigning each of the document repositories according to one of a plurality of operating behaviors using the component failure information; and determining appropriate action to take in response to component identified failures using the operating behavior assigned to the document repository to which the component is associated; wherein the plurality of operating behaviors are rated as one of: "very reliable," "reliable," "unreliable," and "very unreliable."

In the same field of endeavor, Jin teaches a method of assigning each of the document repositories according to one of a plurality of operating behaviors using the component failure information (Jin: col. 4, line 63 to col. 5, line 7); and determining appropriate action to take in response to component identified failures using the operating behavior assigned to the document repository to which the component is associated; wherein the plurality of operating behaviors are rated as one of: "very reliable," "reliable," "unreliable," and "very unreliable." (Jin: col. 8, line 66 to col. 9, line 17, and col. 9, lines 47-63).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of detecting and recovering the failure processing of document as taught by Jin in the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter's invention in order to provide fast and cost-effective document storage system while preventing the system from crashing (Jin: col. 3, line 65-67).

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In regard to **claim 18**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as those in claim 9. Therefore the same rationale for rejecting claim 9 is used to reject claim 18. By this rationale **claim 18** is rejected.

7. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Serbinis** et al. (Patent no.: US 6,584,466 B1) in view of Chow et al. (Patent no.: US 6,029,175) and Carpenter et al. (Patent no.: US 7,099,872 B2) and further in view of Gujar et al. (patent no.: US 6,446,208 B1).

With respect to **claim 21**, the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter teaches all of the claimed limitations except that he does not explicitly teach a method of embedding an electronic tag located on each document.

In the same field of endeavor, Gujar teaches a method of embedding an electronic tag located on each document (Gujar: fig. 1, col. 6, lines 42-63).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of embedding an electronic tag located on each document as taught by Gujar in the combined method of Serbinis-Chow-Carpenter's invention in order to track the documents in close proximity (Gujar: col. 1, lines 59-62)

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3 and 5-21 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LIN LIU whose telephone number is (571)270-1447. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30am - 5:00pm, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton B. Burgess can be reached on (571)-272-3949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Lin Liu/ Examiner, Art Unit 2445 /Patrice Winder/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2445